## KLE Society's Law College, Bengaluru

# Intellectual Property Rights – I (Course Plan) Class- V Semester, LL.B.

## **Course Objectives:-**

- 1. To provide an indepth understanding of the rationale of protecting Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs). Also to discuss the significance and importance of Intellectual Property Rights in the present era.
- 2. To educate the various forms of IPRs and learn about the foundation of Intellectual property regime by disseminating information on National and International IPR issues.
- 3. To discuss the fundamentals of Law relating to Patents, Trademarks and Geographical Indications. To study their scope and application in Indian context.
- 4. To discuss the contemporary issues relating to the Intellectual Property field such as cyber law and to analyze the impact of Information Technology Act, 2000.
- 5. To discuss the International Law relating to the protection and regulation of trade in IPRs.

Un it No	Topic/ Sub-topic	No . of Hr s	Method of Teaching	Prerequisit es- Readings	Supplemen tary Readings	Unit Outcome
1.1	Overview of the concept of property; Industrial Property and Non- Industrial Property.	1	Lecture, PPT and Discussion	P. Narayanan, "Intellectual Property Law",	V. K. Ahuja, "Law Relating to IPRs"	The students would be able to: 1. Conceive the idea of IPRs. Develop interest in
1.2	Historical background of IPRs.	1		(Revised Edition)	II KS	the subject by appreciating the importance of
1.3	Importance of human creativity in present scenario.	1				creativity and inventions.

1.4	Different forms of IP and	1				2. Learn about
	its conceptual analysis.					various forms of IP
						and IPR regime.
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Un	Patent Law in India					
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1.h	Introduction and	1	Lecture,	P.	N. S.	The students would
1	overview of patent	ŀ	PPT,	Narayanan,	Gopalakrish	be able to:
	protection.		Discussion	"Intellectual	nan & T. G.	1. Understand the
12	III at a see of Data and	1	and Case	Property	Agitha,	basic Patent law
1.2	History of Patent	1	Study	Law",	"Principles	practiced in India.
1.3	protections.	1	Method	(Revised	of Intellectual	2 Analyzza and
1.3	What is patent and	1	1	Edition)		2.Analyze and understand the
1.4	definition of patent.	2	-		Property"	principles for the
1.4	Object of patent; Scope and salient features of	2		William	The Indian	grant of a patent
		ŀ		Cornish,	Patents Act,	coupled with case
1.5	patent	3	-	"Cases and	1970.	studies.
1.5	How to obtain patent;	3		Materials on	1970.	studies.
l	Product patent and Process patent			Intellectual	The Indian	3. Appreciate the
1.6	Specification –	3	•	Property".	Patents	justifications of
1.0	Provisional and complete	3		Troperty.	(Amendmen	recognizing the
	specification; Procedure			Í	t) Act of	exclusive monopoly
	for patent applications				2005.	right granted to a
1.7	Register of	1			2005.	patentee.
1.7	patents and Patent Office	1				parentee.
1.8	Rights and obligations of	3			•	4. Critically
1.0	patentee; Transfer of	,				appraise the patent
	Patent Rights.					law in both
1.9	Government use of	2				substantive and
	inventions	-				procedure terms.
1.	Biotech patents and	1				-
10	patentability of life	-				5. Solve legal
	forms.					problems and
						provide effective
				ļ		legal advice to the
						clients concerning
						their patent rights
						and obligations.

1.	Infringement of Patents;	1		<u> </u>		
11	Offences and Penalties.	1				
Un	Trade Marks					
it 2						
2.1	Introduction and Overview of Trade mark	1	Lecture, PPT, Discussion and Case study method	P.Narayanan, "Intellectual Property Law", (Revised Edition)	V.K. Ahuja, "Law Relating to IPRs"	The students would be able: 1.To understand the concept of Trademark, its object and justifications in respect of monopoly rights over trademark.
2.2	Evolution and Object of Trademark Law; features of a good trademark; Different forms of trademark	2		William Cornish, "Intellecual Property: Patents, Copyright, Trademark and Allied Rights", (2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition)	The Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958.  The Trade Marks Act, 1999.	2.To understand the laws pertaining to trademarks in India.  3. To understand and appreciate the practice and procedure pertaining to registration of trademarks in India.
2.3	Trademark registry and register of trademark; property in a trademark	2				4. To understand the concepts of infringement and passing off in the light of decided cases.
2.4	Registrable and non- registrable trademarks	1	-			5.To understand and analyse the role of authorities, the rights of the proprietor of the trademark and also the offences and penalties relating to the same.
2.5	Basic principles of registration of trademarks	2				
2.6	Deceptive similarity	2				
2.7	Assignment and transmission; Rectification of register	1				
2.8	Infringement of trademark; Passing off of trademark	3				
2.9	Domain name protection and registration; Offences and Penalties	2				

Un it 3	Cyber Law					
3.1	Introduction and overview of Cyber Intellectual Property.	1	Lecture, PPT and Discussion	Rodney Ryder – "Intellectual	Unni – "Trade Mark, Design and	The students would be able to:  1. Understand and
3.2	Intellectual property and cyberspace; Emergence of cyber crime	1		Property and the Internet".	Cyber Property Rights".	analyze legal issues related to use of the internet.
3.3	Grant in software patent and Copyright in software	1		Pavan Duggal –	Rahul Matthan –	2. Learn about the emergence of cyber
3.4	Software piracy; Trade marks issues related to Internet (Domain name); Data protection in cyberspace	3		"Cyber Law: the Indian Perspective".	"The law relating to Computers and the Internet".	crimes.
3.5	E-commerce and E-contract	1				
3.6	Salient features of Information Technology Act; IPR provisions in IT Act;	2		D. P. Mittal – "Law of Information Technology".	The Information Technology Act, 2000.	3. Understand the importance of provisions related to IP in the IT Act.
3.7	Internet policy of Government of India.	1	·		7101, 2000.	
Un it 4	Geographical Indications					
4.1	Introduction and overview of geographical indications	1	Lecture, discussion and case study method.	P.Narayana n, "Intellectual Property Law" (2013) (Revised Edition)	V.K.Ahuja, "Intellectual Property Rights in India", (Second Edition)	The students would be able to: 1.Understand the concept of Geographical indications and its importance.
4.2	Meaning and scope of geographical indications, important geographical indications of India and their features.	2			The Geographic al Indication of Goods (Registratio n and Protection) Act, 1999.	2. Understand the basic Law on Geographical Indications practiced in India.

4.3	Protection of Geographical indications, Protection of the Geographical Indications Act.	2			The Geographic al Indication of Goods (Registratio n and Protection) Act, 2002.	3.To appreciate the development of these laws and policies relating to the same.  4. Critically evaluate the provisions of the Act with the help of case study method.
4.4	Misleading use of Geographical indications, Registration of Geographical Indications.	2				5.Understand the practice and procedure pertaining to registration of GI, and critically appraise the functions of the Registrar therof.
4.5	Right to use Geographical Indications, Infringement, Remedies against infringement.	2				
4.6	Role and functions of Registrar of Geographical Indications	1				_
4.7	Conflict between Trademark and Geographical Indications	1			,	
Un	International Conventions					
it	and Treaties.					
5	Posis Commentions	1	T4			The students and
5.1	Paris Convention: Background; Salient features of Paris Convention; Governing rules of Paris Convention.	1	Lecture, PPT and Discussion	www.wipo.		The students would be able to: 1. Analyze the International character of IPRs.
5.2	Patent Cooperation Treaty: Background; Objectives of PCT; Salient features of PCT.	1				2. Understand the objectives of International
5.3	Madrid Convention: Salient features; International registration of marks.	1				Conventions and Treaties.

5.4	World Intellectual Property	2			3. Appreciate the
	Organisation(WIPO):		İ		role of WIPO in
	Background;				promoting and
1	Salient features WIPO;				protecting IPRs
	Organisation of WIPO.				throughout the
					world.

No. of Teaching hours – 64
No. of Library hours – 2
No. of Assessment hours – 2
No. of hours for Revision and Question Paper Solving – 6
No. of Documentaries to be screened – 2

No. of Students presentation - 4
No. of Hand outs - 4
No. of Writing Exercises - 2
No. of Case Studies - 24

Guest Lectures - 2

### Any Links:

www.ipr.nic.in www.wipo.org

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Industry/ Professional Skills: Industry specific and professional skills are acquired like critical thinking, scientific approach, legal knowledge both substantive and procedural.
- Human Values: Innovation with integrity, fair use, sharing, preservation of resources and respecting indigenous knowledge.

Academic Co-ordinator -

Course Teacher - Mrs. Shruti Phonde and Mrs. Ramya K.

Coordinator

Internal Quality Assurance Cell KLE Society's Law College, Bangalore.

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